THE APPOSITIVE

Recognize an appositive when you see one.

An appositive is a **noun** or **noun phrase** that renames another noun right beside it. The appositive can be a short or long combination of words. Look at these appositive example, all of which rename **insect**:

The insect, *a cockroach*, is crawling across the kitchen table.

The insect, *a large cockroach*, is crawling across the kitchen table.

The insect, *a large cockroach with hairy legs*, is crawling across the kitchen table.

The insect, *a large, hairy-legged cockroach that has spied my bowl of oatmeal*, is crawling across the kitchen table.

Here are more examples:

During the dinner conversation, Clifford, *the messiest eater at the table*, spewed mashed potatoes like an erupting volcano.

My 486 computer, *a modern-day dinosaur*, chews floppy disks as noisily as my brother does peanut brittle.

Genette’s bedroom desk, *the biggest disaster area in the house*, is a collection of overdue library books, dirty plates, computer components, old mail, cat hair, and empty potato chip bags.

Reliable, *Diane’s eleven-year-old beagle*, chews holes in the living room carpeting as if he were still a puppy.

Punctuate the appositive correctly.

The important point to remember is that a nonessential appositive is always separated from the rest of the sentence with **comma(s)**.

When the appositive begins the **sentence**, it looks like this:
A hot-tempered tennis player, Robbie charged the umpire and tried to crack the poor man's skull with a racket.

When the appositive interrupts the sentence, it looks like this:

Robbie, a hot-tempered tennis player, charged the umpire and tried to crack the poor man's skull with a racket.

And when the appositive ends the sentence, it looks like this:

Upset by the bad call, the crowd cheered Robbie, a hot-tempered tennis player who charged the umpire and tried to crack the poor man’s skull with a racket.