FRAGMENT TIP 2

Recognize the type of fragment you have found.

SUBORDINATE CLAUSE FRAGMENT

A subordinate clause fragment follows one of these patterns:



Subordinate conjunctions and **relative pronouns** will begin a subordinate clause fragment:

SUBORDINATE CONJUNCTIONS				
after	in case	that		
although	in order that	though		
as	insofar as	till		
as if	just as	unless		
as long as	no matter how	until		
as soon as	now that	when		
as though	once	whenever		
because	provided that	where		
before	rather than	whereas		
even if	since	wherever		
even though	so that	whether		
how	than	while		
if		why		

RELATIVE PRONOUNS				
that	who	whose		
which	whoever	whosever		
whichever	whom	whomever		

Examples:

After the football flew over the fence.

Since Harold has not done laundry.

Where the cookies are hidden.

Which gave Gabriella indigestion.

Whose insincerity was evident in every gesture

PARTICIPLE PHRASE FRAGMENT

A participle phrase fragment follows this pattern:

PARTICIPLE + Modifier(s) and/or Object(s) ≠ Complete Thought.

Present participles end in *ing*: *splashing*, *sneezing*, *spying*, *slurping*, etc.

Regular past participles end in *ed*: *splashed*, *sneezed*, *spied*, *slurped*, etc.

Irregular past participles have inconsistent endings: *sung*, *swum*, *said*, *slept*, etc.

Examples:

Agonizing over an ice cream flavor.

Tickled silly with an ostrich plume.

Found under the backseat of his truck.

INFINITIVE PHRASE FRAGMENT

All infinitives are **to** + **verb**. An infinitive phrase fragment follows this pattern:

INFINITIVE + Modifier(s) and/or Object(s) ≠ Complete Thought.

Examples:

To sleep without anxiety.

To dance until he was out of breath.

To slither out of its cage and across the bedroom floor.

To eat a slice of birthday cake without remorse.

AFTERTHOUGHT FRAGMENT

An afterthought fragment follows this pattern:

The transitions below will begin this type of fragment:

AFTERTHOUGHT TRANSITIONS			
especially	for example	including	
except	for instance	like	
excluding		such as	

Examples:

For example, coffee stained shirts and scuffed shoes.

Such as the old man who yelled at dog walkers and skateboarders.

Like this brand-new twenty-dollar bill that I found.

LONELY VERB FRAGMENT

A lonely verb fragment follows this pattern:

A lonely verb fragment will often begin with a **coordinating conjunction**: **and**, **but**, **for**, **or**, **nor**, **so**, or **yet**.

Examples:

And burped with satisfaction.

But turned down the job.

Or will accept the bad grade.

APPOSITIVE FRAGMENT

An appositive fragment follows this pattern:

Examples:

The **student** slurping the hot soup.

A young woman whose hair reaches her waist.

The **brother** with a reputation for trouble.

